Introduction to the Rules of Town Meeting

Southborough’s Town Meeting is an open town meeting in which all registered voters may participate. Town Meeting is a deliberative assembly, conducted via a defined process, charged with considering a maximum number of questions of varying complexity in a minimum amount of time and with full regard to the rights of the majority, strong minority, individuals, absentees and all of these together. In other words, we gather for the purpose of conducting the Town’s business thoughtfully and efficiently.

AUTHORITY

The three elements of authority at Town Meeting are a quorum of one hundred (100) registered voters or more, the Clerk and the Moderator. Of these three, the quorum is the most important.

The Town Clerk is responsible for voter registration, certification of a quorum, setting up the hall and keeping the record of the proceedings. He may also officiate Town Meeting in the absence of a Moderator.

The Moderator presides at and regulates the proceedings, decides all questions of order, and makes declarations of all votes. No one may speak on an issue without being recognized by the Moderator. It is the Moderator’s responsibility to approve the distribution of materials, and persons wishing to do so must seek his permission. The Moderator appoints Tellers and alternates for the purpose of counting votes of the meeting.

THE WARRANT

All matters to be considered at Town Meeting must be published in the Town Meeting Warrant, which is the responsibility of the Board of Selectmen. The primary and most important purpose of the Warrant is to notify voters in advance the nature of the business to be taken up at Town Meeting. By state law, Town by-law or custom, several business articles (such as budget appropriations) must be presented in the Town Warrant each year for consideration. Other items are added by warrant articles proposed by Town officials, committees, boards, or groups of ten or more registered voters. The Advisory Committee reviews the Warrant, making recommendations on all the items of business to be presented. In accordance with the Town by-laws, all articles in the Warrant are considered in the order in which they appear in the Warrant, unless the Town Meeting votes to change the order for reasons that reasonable people would entertain.

PARTICIPATION

Any voter wishing to participate in Town Meeting must go to one of the floor microphones and wait to be recognized by the Moderator. Upon recognition by the Moderator, first state your name and address, and then state your business.

Anyone whose name is not on the list of registered voters requires the approval of either the Moderator or a majority of the Meeting to sit in the voting area.

All remarks shall be limited to the subject then under discussion. It is improper to indulge in references to personalities, and all expressions of approval or disapproval, such as applause or booing, are out of order. The Moderator may request any person to keep silent. If after warning from the Moderator, a person refuses to be silent or persists in other disorderly behavior, the Moderator may order a person to withdraw and if he fails to withdraw, may order a police officer to remove such person from Town Meeting.

Individuals who have a personal or financial interest with respect to a matter may speak or vote thereon but should frankly disclose their interest. However, no Town Meeting voter should accept compensation for participating without disclosing that fact.

There is no fixed time limit to the debate of any question. However, out of consideration for the others in attendance and the need to give adequate time to all matters coming before Town Meeting, each individual who speaks should make an effort to be as brief as possible and avoid repeating facts, views or opinions already expressed by others.
Anyone wishing to make a presentation with respect to any article must, prior to Town Meeting, obtain the Moderator’s approval.

In order to give all a fair opportunity to speak, no one who has addressed any particular motion shall speak again, except to answer questions, until all others wishing to speak to the motion have done so.

**HOW ARE MOTIONS CLASSIFIED?**

**Main Motions**
Motions of this group are for the bringing of questions, or propositions, before Town Meeting for consideration. Only one main motion can be considered at a given time, and once introduced such a motion excludes all other main motions until it has been disposed.

**Subsidiary Motions**
Motions of this group have are for the modification or disposition of the main motion that is being considered. Their existence as motions depends entirely upon the principal motion to which they are subordinate. Since they relate to the question then under consideration, it is in order to propose them when a main motion is pending and to vote upon them before voting upon the main motion.

**Privileged Motions**
Motions of this group have no connection whatsoever with any main motion, but are motions of such importance that they are entitled to immediate consideration. These motions have the privilege of temporarily setting aside the main business then before Town Meeting.

**Incidental Motions**
Motions of this group have few characteristics in common, but for convenience have been grouped into one class. The name “incidental” applies because they arise only incidentally out of the business of Town Meeting.

**RULES RELATIVE TO MOTIONS**

A motion is the means of bringing a proposal or question for consideration by Town Meeting. When first put forward it is a motion; after it is seconded and acknowledged by the Moderator, it becomes the question or proposal. Except for complimentary resolutions (the presentation of which must be approved in advance by the Moderator), no main motion shall be entertained unless it’s substance is contained within the scope of a Warrant article. Upon completion of debate, articles will be voted upon.

The Moderator shall determine whether a motion, or any discussion relative to a motion, is within the scope of the Warrant article under consideration. That is, the motion and the debate must be relevant to the article as written in the Warrant, since the purpose of the Warrant is to apprise voters of the actions to be taken at Town Meeting.

Articles only give notice to the voters and do not initiate action; motions do. Motions may be withdrawn; articles may not be withdrawn – articles must be acted upon by Town Meeting.

There are four types of amendments: striking out, inserting, striking out and inserting, and substitution. Motions to amend may be hostile as long as they are germane. An amendment to a motion is an amendment of the first rank; an amendment to an amendment is of the second rank; there can be no amendment beyond that of the second rank.

Some motions do not lead to a final determination by Town Meeting. A motion to commit or to refer sends the matter to an existing board or committee or one to be established. The motion to postpone indefinitely disposes of the question without bringing it to a direct vote. The motion to postpone indefinitely should not be confused with the motion to table which only temporarily delays a vote. As previously stated, articles may not be withdrawn; so when the Meeting does not wish to act on a particular article, the proper motion is to postpone consideration indefinitely.
Introduction to the Rules of Town Meeting (continued)

Motions to reconsider shall be entertained when new information is available that is materially different than was presented (or could have been presented) at the time of the original vote on the article. Articles may be reconsidered only once. If a motion to reconsider is passed by the necessary 2/3 vote, it brings the original article back to the floor (which requires a new motion and additional debate); if the motion to reconsider is defeated, then the original article stands as previously voted and may not be reconsidered again. Actions to reconsider can be taken at the same session or any subsequent session of Town Meeting. A notice of reconsideration may be filed in advance with the Town Clerk stating that, at a specific point during the current Town Meeting, a voter will move for reconsideration on a particular article, and the Moderator will inform the hall of said action. Note that such a motion so noticed in advance must still be in order (i.e., must comply with all conditions required of any reconsideration motion).

All motions other than purely procedural motions must be in writing and signed by the sponsor.

### CHART OF PRECEDENCE OF MOTIONS AND SUMMARY OF GOVERNING RULES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>May interrupt a speaker</th>
<th>Req. a sec.</th>
<th>Debatable</th>
<th>Vote Required</th>
<th>Motions that may apply</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PRIVILEGED MOTIONS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. To dissolve</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>majority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. To adjourn</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>limited</td>
<td>majority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Point of no quorum</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>limited</td>
<td>majority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Recess</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>limited</td>
<td>majority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Question of privilege</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>chair rules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUBSIDIARY MOTIONS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. To lay on the table</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>2/3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Previous question</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>2/3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Limit or extend debate</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>2/3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. To postpone to time certain</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>limited</td>
<td>majority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. To commit or refer</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>limited</td>
<td>majority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. To amend</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>majority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. To postpone indefinitely</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>majority</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MAIN MOTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>May</th>
<th>Req.</th>
<th>Vote Required</th>
<th>Motions that may apply</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Main Motions</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>majority*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To reconsider or rescind</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>2/3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>postpone definitely</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To take from the table</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>majority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To advance an article</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>majority</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

INCIDENTAL MOTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>May</th>
<th>Req.</th>
<th>Vote Required</th>
<th>Motions that may apply</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Point of order</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>chair rules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Division of a question</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>majority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Separate consideration</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>majority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To withdraw a motion</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>majority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To suspend rules</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>2/3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orders of the day</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>none</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The vote required to pass an affirmative main motion is a matter of substantive law, but is usually a majority.*
**Introduction to the Rules of Town Meeting (continued)**

**FORM USED IN MAKING MOTIONS**

1. **Main Motion**
   - Mr. Moderator, I move that...(statement of the proposal)

2. **Adjourn**
   - Mr. Moderator, I move to adjourn to...(state time)

3. **Amend**
   - Mr. Moderator, I move to amend by adding...
   - Mr. Moderator, I move to amend by inserting...before...
   - Mr. Moderator, I move to amend by stroking out...
   - Mr. Moderator, I move to amend by striking out...and inserting...

4. **Amend an Amendment**
   - Mr. Moderator, I move to amend the pending amendment by (see above)

5. **Amend Something Previously Adopted**
   - Mr. Moderator, I move to amend the resolution under Article...by...

6. **Commit or Refer**
   - Mr. Moderator, I move that the proposal be referred to a committee of...

7. **Division of a Question**
   - Mr. Moderator, I move to divide the question.

8. **Lay on the Table**
   - Mr. Moderator, I move that the proposal be laid on the table.

9. **Point of Order**
   - Mr. Moderator, I rise to a point of order.

10. **Postpone to a time certain**
    - Mr. Moderator, I move to postpone the question to...

11. **Postpone Indefinitely**
    - Mr. Moderator, I move that the question be postponed indefinitely.

12. **Previous Question**
    - Mr. Moderator, I rise to a question of privilege.

13. **Recess**
    - Mr. Moderator, I move to recess for...

14. **Reconsider**
    - Mr. Moderator, I move to reconsider the vote under Article...

15. **Separate Consideration**
    - Mr. Moderator, I move for separate consideration.

16. **Suspend the Rules**
    - Mr. Moderator, I move to suspend the rules which interfere with...

17. **Take from the Table**
    - Mr. Moderator, I move to take from the table the motion relating to...

**INTERRUPTING A SPEAKER**

No one may interrupt a speaker except for a point of order or a question of privilege.

**POINT OF ORDER**

A point of order if a question of the Moderator about whether the speaker is entitled to be speaking, or whether the current subject under discussion (or what the speaker is saying) is irrelevant, illegal or contrary to proper procedure. No other “point of order” is proper.

**PREVIOUS QUESTION**

To call or move the question is a request to stop discussion and to take an immediate vote. This requires a 2/3 vote.

**VOTING**

Voting is by hand vote and the Moderator declares the result of such votes. If seven or more voters immediately question the declared result, the Moderator shall determine the result by a standing count of votes by the Tellers. After the vote counted by the Tellers is presented to the Moderator and announced to the floor, any further motions for recount are out of order.

**ADJOURNMENT AND DISSOLUTION**

Sessions of Town Meeting normally adjourn at eleven o’clock in the evening but may adjourn at such earlier or later time as vote of the majority may determine. Town Meeting shall not dissolve until all articles in the warrant have been properly considered.